

poverty politics and profit frontline

poverty politics and profit frontline represents a critical intersection where social issues, economic interests, and political agendas converge. This article explores how the dynamics of poverty influence political strategies and how profit motives often shape responses to poverty-related challenges. Understanding the frontline of poverty politics reveals the complex interactions between government policies, corporate interests, and grassroots movements. The discussion includes an analysis of the role of advocacy groups, the impact of privatization of social services, and the economic incentives behind poverty management. By examining these factors, the article sheds light on the broader implications for social justice and economic equity. The following sections provide a detailed overview of the key components shaping poverty politics and profit on the frontline.

- The Intersection of Poverty and Politics
- Profit Motives in Poverty Alleviation
- Government Policies and Economic Incentives
- Role of Nonprofit Organizations and Advocacy
- Privatization and the Business of Poverty
- Case Studies of Poverty Politics and Profit Frontline

The Intersection of Poverty and Politics

The relationship between poverty and politics is deeply intertwined, with political decisions significantly impacting poverty levels and the lived experiences of marginalized communities. Poverty politics refers to the ways in which political actors and institutions address—or fail to address—issues related to economic deprivation. This intersection is often characterized by competing interests, where political agendas influence the distribution of resources and social services.

Political Agendas and Poverty

Political agendas can shape poverty outcomes through legislation, funding priorities, and social programs. Policies on welfare, minimum wage, housing, and education directly affect poverty rates. Some political groups use poverty issues to mobilize voters, while others may perpetuate systemic inequalities through neglect or restrictive policies. The politicization of poverty influences which populations receive support and which remain underserved.

Voter Behavior and Poverty

Poverty also affects political participation and voter behavior. Individuals experiencing poverty may face barriers to voting, such as lack of identification, transportation issues, or disenfranchisement. At the same time, politicians may target impoverished communities with promises of economic relief or, conversely, exploit poverty-related fears to gain

support. This dynamic creates a frontline where poverty becomes both a political tool and a social reality.

Profit Motives in Poverty Alleviation

Profit motives increasingly influence how poverty is addressed, especially as private companies and market-based solutions become more involved in social services. The frontline of poverty politics includes the role of businesses seeking financial gain from poverty-related sectors, such as affordable housing, healthcare, and education. This introduces complex ethical and practical questions about balancing profit with social responsibility.

Market-Based Solutions to Poverty

Market-based solutions include social impact investing, microfinance, and public-private partnerships aimed at reducing poverty. While these approaches can mobilize resources and innovation, they also risk prioritizing profit over the well-being of vulnerable populations. The commodification of poverty-related services can lead to unequal access and exacerbate existing disparities.

Corporate Social Responsibility and Ethical Challenges

Corporations often promote Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives to address poverty-related issues. However, CSR efforts may serve as marketing tools rather than genuine commitments to social change. The profit-driven nature of businesses can conflict with the goals of poverty alleviation, creating tensions on the frontline between ethical considerations and economic interests.

Government Policies and Economic Incentives

Government policies play a crucial role in shaping the poverty landscape, often influenced by economic incentives and political priorities. The frontline of poverty politics involves navigating these policies to determine who benefits and who may be marginalized. Fiscal policies, taxation, and welfare programs are central to this dynamic.

Welfare Programs and Their Impact

Welfare programs aim to provide safety nets for impoverished populations, but their design and implementation vary widely. Some policies encourage employment and self-sufficiency, while others focus on direct aid. Economic incentives embedded within these programs can either alleviate poverty or perpetuate dependency, depending on their structure and political support.

Taxation and Redistribution

Tax policies influence the distribution of wealth and resources. Progressive taxation can help reduce poverty by funding social programs, whereas regressive tax systems may burden low-income individuals disproportionately. Political debates around taxation often center on these redistributive effects, highlighting the frontline of poverty politics where competing economic interests clash.

Role of Nonprofit Organizations and Advocacy

Nonprofit organizations and advocacy groups are key players on the frontline of poverty politics and profit. They work to influence policy, provide direct services, and raise awareness about poverty issues. Their role often involves balancing fundraising, political engagement, and community support.

Advocacy Strategies and Political Influence

Advocacy groups use lobbying, public campaigns, and grassroots mobilization to affect poverty-related policies. Their efforts can lead to legislative changes and increased funding for poverty alleviation programs. However, their influence depends on access to political power and resources, which can be limited by economic constraints.

Funding Challenges and Resource Allocation

Nonprofits often face challenges securing sustainable funding, especially when competing with profit-driven entities. Resource allocation decisions impact the scope and effectiveness of their poverty reduction efforts. The reliance on grants, donations, and partnerships with government or private sectors places nonprofits in a complex position within the poverty politics and profit frontline.

Privatization and the Business of Poverty

Privatization of social services has become a prominent feature in the management of poverty. This process transfers responsibilities from public institutions to private companies, introducing profit incentives into traditionally public sectors like housing, healthcare, and employment programs.

Impact of Privatization on Service Quality

Privatization can lead to improved efficiency and innovation, but it may also result in reduced service quality and accessibility. Profit-driven companies might prioritize cost-cutting over comprehensive support, negatively affecting vulnerable populations. This tension exemplifies the frontline where poverty politics and profit motives collide.

Examples of Privatized Poverty Services

- Private management of public housing projects
- Contracting out welfare administration to for-profit firms
- Healthcare services provided through private insurers in low-income areas
- Job training programs operated by private companies

Case Studies of Poverty Politics and Profit Frontline

Examining real-world examples highlights how poverty politics and profit interests interact on the frontline. Several case studies illustrate the complexities and consequences of these dynamics in various contexts.

Affordable Housing and Real Estate Development

In many urban areas, affordable housing initiatives involve partnerships between governments and private developers. While these projects aim to address housing shortages, profit motives can lead to gentrification and displacement of low-income residents. This case study underscores the challenges of aligning social goals with economic interests.

Healthcare Access in Low-Income Communities

The privatization of healthcare services in impoverished neighborhoods often results in limited access and higher costs. For-profit clinics may focus on profitable treatments rather than comprehensive care, affecting health outcomes. This situation illustrates the frontline where poverty politics intersects with healthcare profitability.

Workforce Development Programs

Workforce development programs designed to reduce poverty sometimes involve private contractors who receive government funding. The effectiveness of these programs varies, with some prioritizing measurable outcomes over participant needs. This approach can reflect the influence of profit-driven motives in poverty alleviation efforts.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is meant by 'poverty politics'?

'Poverty politics' refers to the ways in which poverty is addressed, influenced, or manipulated through political policies, debates, and power structures.

How does 'profit frontline' relate to poverty?

'Profit frontline' refers to businesses or organizations that operate in areas impacted by poverty, often profiting from the economic vulnerabilities of impoverished communities.

Can poverty be politicized for profit?

Yes, poverty can be politicized for profit when political actors or corporations use poverty-related issues to gain power, influence, or financial advantage.

What role do corporations play in the politics of poverty?

Corporations can influence poverty politics by lobbying for policies that benefit their interests, sometimes at the expense of marginalized or impoverished populations.

How do frontline workers experience poverty politics?

Frontline workers, often in low-wage or essential jobs, are directly affected by poverty politics through policies on wages, healthcare, and labor rights.

What are some examples of profit-making in poverty-stricken areas?

Examples include payday lending, private prisons, and for-profit healthcare services that target low-income individuals.

How can poverty politics impact social justice movements?

Poverty politics can either support or hinder social justice movements, depending on whether policies promote equity or maintain systemic inequalities.

Are there ethical concerns regarding profit in poverty alleviation efforts?

Yes, ethical concerns arise when profit motives overshadow genuine efforts to alleviate poverty, leading to exploitation rather than empowerment.

What strategies exist to address the intersection of poverty, politics, and profit?

Strategies include promoting transparent governance, regulating exploitative industries, supporting fair labor practices, and investing in community-driven development.

How has the concept of 'poverty politics and profit frontline' evolved in recent years?

It has evolved to highlight the complex relationships between economic inequality, political power, and corporate interests, emphasizing the need for more ethical and inclusive approaches.

Additional Resources

1. Capitalism and the Crisis of Poverty

This book explores the intricate relationship between capitalist economies and the persistence of poverty worldwide. It analyzes how profit-driven motives often exacerbate social inequalities and hinder poverty alleviation efforts. Drawing from historical and contemporary case studies, the author

critiques mainstream economic policies and offers alternative frameworks for more equitable growth.

2. The Politics of Poverty: Power, Policy, and Profit

Focusing on the intersection of politics and poverty, this book examines how political agendas shape poverty policies. It reveals how marginalized communities are often sidelined in policymaking processes that prioritize profit over people. The work critically assesses the roles of governments, corporations, and NGOs in perpetuating or alleviating poverty.

3. Profit Frontlines: Corporate Influence in Global Poverty

This title investigates how multinational corporations operate on the "frontlines" of poverty-stricken regions, balancing profit motives with social responsibilities. It uncovers the complexities of corporate social responsibility initiatives and the sometimes exploitative nature of business practices. The book calls for greater transparency and accountability in corporate engagement with impoverished communities.

4. Poverty Politics in the Age of Globalization

This book delves into the political dynamics of poverty in an increasingly interconnected world. It discusses how globalization has shifted the locus of poverty and transformed local and international political responses. The author highlights the tension between economic liberalization and social protection measures.

5. The Profit Paradox: Wealth Creation Amidst Persistent Poverty

Examining the paradox of growing global wealth alongside entrenched poverty, this book questions how profit-driven economic systems can coexist with widespread deprivation. It investigates the roles of financial institutions, market mechanisms, and government policies in shaping this paradox. The book advocates for inclusive economic models that prioritize human welfare.

6. Frontline Fighters: Activism and Advocacy Against Poverty

This work highlights the stories of activists and grassroots movements working on the frontlines of poverty. It showcases how community-driven initiatives challenge political and economic structures that sustain poverty. The author emphasizes the power of local knowledge and collective action in driving social change.

7. Politics, Profit, and the Privatization of Poverty Relief

The book critiques the increasing trend of privatizing poverty relief services and its implications for vulnerable populations. It explores how profit motives influence the delivery and quality of social services. The analysis includes case studies of privatization efforts in different countries and their socio-political consequences.

8. Poverty, Power, and Profit: The Global Struggle for Economic Justice

This comprehensive volume addresses the global struggle to balance economic profit with social justice goals. It examines the roles of international organizations, governments, and civil society in shaping policies that affect poverty outcomes. The book advocates for systemic reforms to create more just and sustainable economic systems.

9. The Frontline Economy: Working-Class Politics and Profit in Poverty Zones

Focusing on the lived experiences of working-class communities in poverty-stricken areas, this book analyzes the political and economic forces at play. It discusses how frontline workers navigate the challenges of low wages, unstable employment, and limited political representation. The author argues for stronger labor rights and inclusive economic policies to address

structural poverty.

Poverty Politics And Profit Frontline

Find other PDF articles:

<https://test.murphyjewelers.com/archive-library-103/Book?docid=vta31-2278&title=bella-casa-property-management-mcminnville-or.pdf>

poverty politics and profit frontline: Poor Participation Thomas A. Bryer, Sofia Prysmakova-Rivera, 2018-02-19 This book argues that active citizenship and poverty are inextricably linked. A common sentiment in discussions of poverty and social policy is that decisions made about those living in poverty or near-poverty are illegitimate, inadvisable, and non-responsive to the needs and interests of the poor if the poor themselves are not involved in the decision-making process. Inside this intuitively appealing idea, however, are a range of potential contradictions and conflicts. These conflicts are at the nexus between active citizenship and technical expertise, between promotion of stability in governance and empowerment of people, between empowerment that is genuine and sustainable and empowerment that is artificial, and between a “war on poverty” that is built on the ideas of collaborative governance and one that is built on an assumption of rule of the elite. The poor have long been consigned to a group of “included-out” citizens. They are legally living in a place, but they are not afforded the same courtesies, entrusted with the same responsibilities, or respected in parallel processes as those citizens of greater means and those who behave in manners that are more consistent with “middle class” values. Poor citizens engaged in the “war on poverty” of the 1960s started to emerge and force their agenda through adversarial action and social protest. This book explores the clear linkages between engaged citizenship and poverty in the United States, revealing a war on poverty and impoverished citizenship that continues to develop in the twenty-first century.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Introducing Democratic Socialism to America Eteri, 2023-01-16 Introducing Democratic Socialism to America By: Eteri Introducing Democratic Socialism to America discusses black lives matter, black capitalism and economic systems, resources and other wages, pandemic issues, and issues in Russia, Ukraine, Georgia, and America around the world. The book also discusses war and racism inside Americans today.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Issues for Debate in American Public Policy CQ Researcher,, 2019-01-24 Written by award-winning CQ Researcher journalists, this annual collection of nonpartisan and thoroughly researched reports focuses on 16 hot-button policy issues. With reports ranging from racial profiling to prescription drug costs, the Twentieth Edition of Issues for Debate in American Public Policy promotes in-depth discussion, facilitates further research, and helps readers formulate their own positions on crucial policy issues. And because it is CQ Researcher, the policy reports are expertly researched and written, showing readers all sides of an issue. Because this annual volume comes together just months before publication, all selections are brand new and explore some of today’s most significant American public policy issues, including: racial profiling, populism and party politics, student debt, the gig economy, the future of the coal industry, prescription drug costs, and much more!

poverty politics and profit frontline: *Poverty for Profit* Anne Kim, 2024-05-28 A Ms. Magazine Most Anticipated Book A devastating investigation into the “corporate poverty complex”—the myriad businesses that profit from the poor Poverty is big business in America. The federal government spends about \$900 billion a year on programs that directly or disproportionately impact poor

Americans, including antipoverty programs such as the earned income tax credit, Medicaid, and affordable housing vouchers and subsidies. States and local governments spend tens of billions more. Ironically, these enormous sums fuel the “corporate poverty complex,” a vast web of hidden industries and entrenched private-sector interests that profit from the bureaucracies regulating the lives of the poor. From bail bondsmen to dialysis providers to towing companies, their business models depend on exploiting low-income Americans, and their political influence ensures a thriving set of industries where everyone profits except the poor, while U.S. taxpayers foot the bill. In *Poverty for Profit*, veteran journalist Anne Kim investigates the multiple industries that infiltrate almost every aspect of the lives of the poor—health care, housing, criminal justice, and nutrition. She explains how these businesses are aided by public policies such as the wholesale privatization of government services and the political influence these industries wield over lawmakers and regulators. Supported by original investigative reporting on the lesser-known players profiting from the antipoverty industry, *Poverty for Profit* adds a crucial dimension to our understanding of how structural inequality and structural racism function today.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Rights and Legal Empowerment in Eradicating Poverty Dan Banik, 2008-01-01 How best to improve the position of the world's poorest people remains one of the major issues facing the human species. This book investigates the role that legal empowerment and rights (including human rights) can play in tackling poverty and enabling poor people in developing countries to take action to improve their positions.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Punishing Poverty Christine S. Scott-Hayward, Henry F. Fradella, 2019-09-24 Most people in jail have not been convicted of a crime. Instead, they have been accused of a crime and cannot afford to post the bail amount to guarantee their freedom until trial. *Punishing Poverty* examines how the current system of pretrial release detains hundreds of thousands of defendants awaiting trial. Tracing the historical antecedents of the US bail system, with particular attention to the failures of bail reform efforts in the mid to late twentieth century, the authors describe the painful social and economic impact of contemporary bail decisions. The first book-length treatment to analyze how bail reproduces racial and economic inequality throughout the criminal justice system, *Punishing Poverty* explores reform efforts, as jurisdictions begin to move away from money bail systems, and the attempts of the bail bond industry to push back against such reforms. This accessibly written book gives a succinct overview of the role of pretrial detention in fueling mass incarceration and is essential reading for researchers and reformers alike.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Frontline Delivery of Welfare-to-Work Policies in Europe Rik van Berkel, Dorte Caswell, Peter Kupka, Flemming Larsen, 2017-06-27 Welfare-to-work or activation policies refer to programmes aimed at promoting the employability, labour-market and social participation of benefit recipients of working age. Frontline workers delivering these policies are conceived of as policy implementers, as policy makers, and as actors mediating politics in an arena where conflicting interests are at stake. Frontline work plays a crucial role in determining what welfare-to-work practically means and how it affects the lives of the people it targets. Yet few books have deliberately focused on comparing what happens when frontline workers, some of whom are professional social workers, meet clients. Pioneering the provision of scholarly reflections on both theoretical and policy relevance of studying frontline practices of delivering activation, internationally renowned researchers present the first comparative analysis of how activation policies are actually delivered by frontline staff in selected EU countries and in the United States. In trying to understand and interpret frontline practices in activation, each contribution provides insights into what ‘activation in practice’ looks like, what services are provided and how they are enacted. This involves examining processes of client selection, monitoring, sanctioning and motivating, as well as the role of external service providers. This book is an important acquisition for scholars and researchers of social policy, public administration, public management, social work and policy implementation.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Canadian Labour Policy and Politics John Peters, Don Wells, 2022-11-01 *Canadian Labour Policy and Politics* is essential reading for undergraduates

studying Canada's labour market. This comprehensive textbook traces the causes and rise of labour inequities and outlines solutions for a more sustainable future. Written in clear and accessible language by leading experts and practitioners, this book demonstrates how and why laws and public policy - intended to protect workers - often leave employees vulnerable and with little economic or social security. Based on up-to-date data and framed in the context of international developments, this essential text provides readers with real-world examples and case studies of how globalization, labour laws, employment standards, COVID-19, and other issues affect workers on and off the job. *Canadian Labour Policy and Politics* invites students into defining a policy agenda for developing greater economic equality and political inclusiveness while fostering a green recovery. Key features include chapter summaries and outlines, suggestions for further reading, and glossaries of key terms.

poverty politics and profit frontline: The Routledge Companion to Media and Poverty Sandra L. Borden, 2021-07-19 Comprehensive and interdisciplinary, this collection explores the complex, and often problematic, ways in which the news media shapes perceptions of poverty. Editor Sandra L. Borden and a diverse collection of scholars and journalists question exactly how the news media can reinforce (or undermine) poverty and privilege. This book is divided into five parts that examine philosophical principles for reporting on poverty, the history and nature of poverty coverage, problematic representations of people experiencing poverty, poverty coverage as part of reporting on public policy and positive possibilities for poverty coverage. Each section provides an introduction to the topic, as well as a broad selection of essays illuminating key issues and a Q&A with a relevant journalist. Topics covered include news coverage of corporate philanthropy, structural bias in reporting, representations of the working poor, the moral demands of vulnerability and agency, community empowerment and citizen media. The book's broad focus considers media and poverty at both the local and global levels with contributors from 16 countries. This is an ideal reference for students and scholars of media, communication and journalism who are studying topics involving the media and social justice, as well as journalists, activists and policy makers working in these areas.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Global Politics Jenny Edkins, Maja Zehfuss, Thomas Gregory, 2025-01-31 *Global Politics: A New Introduction* engages directly with questions that those coming to the study of world politics bring with them. From that innovative starting point, it explores key issues through a critical and inquiring perspective, presenting theoretical ideas and concepts in conjunction with a global range of historical and contemporary case studies. Revised and updated throughout, the fourth edition offers examples engaging with the latest developments in global politics: the climate crisis and anthropocentrism, Indigenous experiences and thinking, racism and the rise of xenophobia, artificial intelligence, citizen journalism, global health and pandemic response and drone warfare. *Global Politics*: • examines most significant issues in global politics - poverty, development, colonialism, human rights, gender, inequality, race, war, peacebuilding, security, violence, nationalism, authority and what we can do to change the world; • offers chapters written to a common structure ideal for teaching and learning and features a key question, an illustrative example, general responses and broader issues; • integrates theory and practice throughout the text, drawing on international relations, political theory, postcolonial studies, sociology, geography, peace studies and development. This exciting, up-to-date and ground-breaking textbook is essential reading for all those concerned about global politics.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Governance and Performance in Public and Non-Profit Organizations Alessandro Hinna, Luca Gnan, Fabio Monteduro, 2016-04-12 *Studies in Public and Non-Profit Governance (SPNPG)* publishes in a growing area of governance research. SPNPG allows for the establishment of an engaged community of researchers. It contributes to the definition of the theoretical components that assign an innovation role to governance systems in public and non profit organizations.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Human Security and the Politics of Corporate Social Responsibility in China Hanlon, Robert J., 2022-10-14 Exploring themes associated with corruption,

sustainable development, and human rights and security, Robert J. Hanlon considers the political dynamics of corporate social responsibility (CSR) within the context of the 'Asian Century' and its place in an increasingly multipolar world.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Battleground: Government and Politics Lori A. Johnson, Kathleen Uradnik, Sara Beth Hower Ph.D., 2011-09-23 Through a detailed exploration of the viewpoints involved, this balanced and incisive work promotes understanding of the most divisive issues in American government today. Government and politics is an area in which there are no right answers, but much room for debate. *Battleground: Government and Politics* allows students and general readers alike to consider key political debates from all sides and to arrive at their own considered convictions, based on a firm understanding of the issues and points of view involved. This two-volume work explores dozens of the most contentious issues in contemporary life, issues that impact how our government is run today and how it will be run in the future. Each topic is examined in a balanced way, providing not only an overview of the issues involved, but an objective assessment of the stance of all sides. Readers can use these entries as thorough and solid summaries of the most contentious controversies in contemporary society, or as starting points for more in-depth research into the debates.

poverty politics and profit frontline: *American Unexceptionalism* Kathy Knapp, 2014-05-01 *American Unexceptionalism* examines a constellation of post-9/11 novels that revolve around white middle-class male suburbanites, thus following a tradition established by writers such as John Updike and John Cheever. Focusing closely on recent works by Richard Ford, Chang-Rae Lee, Jonathan Franzen, Philip Roth, Anne Tyler, Gish Jen, A. M. Homes, and others, Kathy Knapp demonstrates that these authors revisit this well-trod turf and revive the familiar everyman character in order to reconsider and reshape American middle-class experience in the wake of the 9/11 attacks and their ongoing aftermath. The novels in question all take place in the sprawling terrain that stretches out beyond the Twin Towers—the postwar suburbs that since the end of World War II have served, like the Twin Towers themselves, as a powerful advertisement of dominance to people around the globe, by projecting an image of prosperity and family values. These suburban tales and their everyman protagonists grapple, however indirectly, with the implications of the apparent decline of the economic, geopolitical, and moral authority of the United States. In the context of perceived decay and diminishing influence, these novels actively counteract the narrative of American exceptionalism frequently peddled in the wake of 9/11. If suburban fiction has historically been faulted for its limited vision, this newest iteration has developed a depth of field that self-consciously folds the personal into the political, encompasses the have-nots along with the haves, and takes in the past when it imagines the future, all in order to forge a community of readers who are now accountable to the larger world. *American Unexceptionalism* traces the trajectory by which recent suburban fiction overturns the values of individualism, private property ownership, and competition that originally provided its foundation. In doing so, the novels examined here offer readers new and flexible ways to imagine being and belonging in a setting no longer characterized by stasis, but by flux.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Work Work Work Michael D. Yates, 2022-07-23 A potent glimpse into the behind-the-scenes workplace control mechanisms which prevent workers from defending themselves from exploitation For most economists, labor is simply a commodity, bought and sold in markets like any other – and what happens after that is not their concern. Individual prospective workers offer their services to individual employers, each acting solely out of self-interest and facing each other as equals. The forces of demand and supply operate so that there is neither a shortage nor a surplus of labor, and, in theory, workers and bosses achieve their respective ends. Michael D. Yates, in *Work Work Work: Labor, Alienation, and Class Struggle*, offers a vastly different take on the nature of the labor market. This book reveals the raw truth: The labor market is in fact a mere veil over the exploitation of workers. Peek behind it, and we clearly see the extraction, by a small but powerful class of productive property-owning capitalists, of a surplus from a much larger and propertyless class of wage laborers. *Work Work Work* offers us a glimpse into the

mechanisms critical to this subterfuge: In every workplace, capital implements a comprehensive set of control mechanisms to constrain those who toil from defending themselves against exploitation. These include everything from the herding of workers into factories to the extreme forms of surveillance utilized by today's "captains of industry" like the Walton family (of the Walmart empire) and Jeff Bezos. In these strikingly lucid and passionately written chapters, Yates explains the reality of labor markets, the nature of work in capitalist societies, and the nature and necessity of class struggle, which alone can bring exploitation – and the system of control that makes it possible – to a final end.

poverty politics and profit frontline: World Politics since 1989 Jonathan Holslag, 2021-08-20 1989 ushered in a new age of freedom and prosperity. Thirty years later, the golden era is over. What went wrong? How did the age of globalization – of growing connectivity, affluence, and growth – give way? Jonathan Holslag navigates through the calm seas and rip tides of global politics from the Cold War to Russia's invasion of Ukraine. He tells a story of faltering momentum and squandered opportunities that explains how the West's sources of strength were lost to rising consumerism, unbalanced trade, and half-hearted diplomatic engagement. All the while, other powers, like China and Russia, grew stronger. With his trademark verve, Holslag untangles the threads of this story to reveal that it was not so much the ambition of China, the cunning of Putin, or the greed of African strongmen that led the world into this dark place; it was the failure of the West to listen to its people, to show clear leadership, and reinvent itself, in spite of ample evidence that things were going awry.

poverty politics and profit frontline: Way Down in the Hole Angela J. Hattery, Earl Smith, 2022-10-14 Based on ethnographic observations and interviews with prisoners, correctional officers, and civilian staff conducted in solitary confinement units, *Way Down in the Hole* explores the myriad ways in which daily, intimate interactions between those locked up twenty-four hours a day and the correctional officers charged with their care, custody, and control produce and reproduce hegemonic racial ideologies. Smith and Hattery explore the outcome of building prisons in rural, economically depressed communities, staffing them with white people who live in and around these communities, filling them with Black and brown bodies from urban areas and then designing the structure of solitary confinement units such that the most private, intimate daily bodily functions take place in very public ways. Under these conditions, it shouldn't be surprising, but is rarely considered, that such daily interactions produce and reproduce white racial resentment among many correctional officers and fuel the racialized tensions that prisoners often describe as the worst forms of dehumanization. *Way Down in the Hole* concludes with recommendations for reducing the use of solitary confinement, reforming its use in a limited context, and most importantly, creating an environment in which prisoners and staff co-exist in ways that recognize their individual humanity and reduce rather than reproduce racial antagonisms and racial resentment. *Way Down the Hole* Video 1 (<https://youtu.be/UuAB63fhge0>) *Way Down the Hole* Video 2 (<https://youtu.be/TwEuw1cTrcQ>) *Way Down the Hole* Video 3 (https://youtu.be/bOcBv_UnHIs) *Way Down the Hole* Video 4 (https://youtu.be/cx_l1S8D77c)

poverty politics and profit frontline: Human Services as Complex Organizations Yeheskel Hasenfeld, 2010 This new edition looks at the many recent changes in the arena of Human Services Organizations.

poverty politics and profit frontline: A Complex Exile Erin Dej, 2020-11-15 Over 235,000 people couch-surf, stay in emergency shelters, or live on the street in Canada every year. But lack of housing security is just one barrier faced by people who are homeless. As *A Complex Exile* shows, the homelessness sector inadvertently reinforces social exclusion as well. The very policies, practices, and funding models that exist to house the homeless, promote social inclusion, and provide mental health care form a homelessness industrial complex. These practices emphasize personal responsibility and individualized responses that ultimately serve to exclude people in subtle and not-so-subtle ways. Erin Dej demonstrates that the causes of, and responses to, homelessness have become largely medicalized, limiting discussion on structural and systemic drivers such as

income inequality, discrimination, and housing affordability. A Complex Exile goes beyond bio-medical and psychological perspectives on homelessness, mental illness, and addiction to call for a transformation in how we respond to homelessness in Canada.

poverty politics and profit frontline: When Social Workers Impact Policy and Don't Just Implement It John Gal, Idit Weiss-Gal, 2024-02-13 This book offers a theoretical framework for understanding why social workers engage in policy, and the implications for research, education and practice.

Related to poverty politics and profit frontline

Poverty Overview: Development news, research, data | World Bank Fighting poverty in all of its dimensions lies at the core of the World Bank's work. We work closely with governments to develop sound policies so that poor people can improve their

Poverty - If a family's total income is less than the official poverty threshold for a family of that size and composition, then they are considered to be in poverty

World Bank Group - International Development, Poverty and With 189 member countries, the World Bank Group is a unique global partnership fighting poverty worldwide through sustainable solutions

The World Bank's Updated Global Poverty Lines: Indonesia Measuring poverty on a regular basis using timely and relevant data is critical to tracking progress toward this goal. The World Bank does this at the global level using three

Measuring Poverty Overview - World Bank Group Measuring Poverty The World Bank's mission is to end extreme poverty and boost shared prosperity on a livable planet. To effectively monitor progress toward this goal, it is

Poverty, Prosperity, and Planet Report 2024 - World Bank Group The World Bank has set a clear mission: ending extreme poverty and boosting shared prosperity on a livable planet. This report offers the first postpandemic assessment of global progress on

U.S. Poverty Rate Varies by Age Groups - The poverty rate for the nation's oldest populations was lower than for the youngest but increased in 2022 while child poverty decreased

Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development - World Bank Group Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development The Poverty, Inequality and Human Development team conducts research across a wide range of topics that broadly covers issues related to

Poverty : Development news, research, data | World Bank Latest news and information from the World Bank and its development work on poverty. Access facts, statistics, project information, development research from experts and latest news about

June 2025 Update to Global Poverty Lines - World Bank Group The World Bank has updated its global poverty lines. This latest revision uses 2021 purchasing power parities, as well as updated national poverty lines that better capture countries'

Poverty Overview: Development news, research, data | World Bank Fighting poverty in all of its dimensions lies at the core of the World Bank's work. We work closely with governments to develop sound policies so that poor people can improve their

Poverty - If a family's total income is less than the official poverty threshold for a family of that size and composition, then they are considered to be in poverty

World Bank Group - International Development, Poverty and With 189 member countries, the World Bank Group is a unique global partnership fighting poverty worldwide through sustainable solutions

The World Bank's Updated Global Poverty Lines: Indonesia Measuring poverty on a regular basis using timely and relevant data is critical to tracking progress toward this goal. The World Bank does this at the global level using three

Measuring Poverty Overview - World Bank Group Measuring Poverty The World Bank's mission is to end extreme poverty and boost shared prosperity on a livable planet. To effectively monitor progress toward this goal, it is

Poverty, Prosperity, and Planet Report 2024 - World Bank Group The World Bank has set a clear mission: ending extreme poverty and boosting shared prosperity on a livable planet. This report offers the first postpandemic assessment of global progress on

U.S. Poverty Rate Varies by Age Groups - The poverty rate for the nation's oldest populations was lower than for the youngest but increased in 2022 while child poverty decreased

Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development - World Bank Group Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development The Poverty, Inequality and Human Development team conducts research across a wide range of topics that broadly covers issues related to

Poverty : Development news, research, data | World Bank Latest news and information from the World Bank and its development work on poverty. Access facts, statistics, project information, development research from experts and latest news about

June 2025 Update to Global Poverty Lines - World Bank Group The World Bank has updated its global poverty lines. This latest revision uses 2021 purchasing power parities, as well as updated national poverty lines that better capture countries'

Poverty Overview: Development news, research, data | World Bank Fighting poverty in all of its dimensions lies at the core of the World Bank's work. We work closely with governments to develop sound policies so that poor people can improve their

Poverty - If a family's total income is less than the official poverty threshold for a family of that size and composition, then they are considered to be in poverty

World Bank Group - International Development, Poverty and With 189 member countries, the World Bank Group is a unique global partnership fighting poverty worldwide through sustainable solutions

The World Bank's Updated Global Poverty Lines: Indonesia Measuring poverty on a regular basis using timely and relevant data is critical to tracking progress toward this goal. The World Bank does this at the global level using three

Measuring Poverty Overview - World Bank Group Measuring Poverty The World Bank's mission is to end extreme poverty and boost shared prosperity on a livable planet. To effectively monitor progress toward this goal, it is

Poverty, Prosperity, and Planet Report 2024 - World Bank Group The World Bank has set a clear mission: ending extreme poverty and boosting shared prosperity on a livable planet. This report offers the first postpandemic assessment of global progress on

U.S. Poverty Rate Varies by Age Groups - The poverty rate for the nation's oldest populations was lower than for the youngest but increased in 2022 while child poverty decreased

Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development - World Bank Group Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development The Poverty, Inequality and Human Development team conducts research across a wide range of topics that broadly covers issues related to

Poverty : Development news, research, data | World Bank Latest news and information from the World Bank and its development work on poverty. Access facts, statistics, project information, development research from experts and latest news about

June 2025 Update to Global Poverty Lines - World Bank Group The World Bank has updated its global poverty lines. This latest revision uses 2021 purchasing power parities, as well as updated national poverty lines that better capture countries'

Poverty Overview: Development news, research, data | World Bank Fighting poverty in all of its dimensions lies at the core of the World Bank's work. We work closely with governments to develop sound policies so that poor people can improve their

Poverty - If a family's total income is less than the official poverty threshold for a family of that size and composition, then they are considered to be in poverty

World Bank Group - International Development, Poverty and With 189 member countries, the World Bank Group is a unique global partnership fighting poverty worldwide through sustainable solutions

The World Bank's Updated Global Poverty Lines: Indonesia Measuring poverty on a regular

basis using timely and relevant data is critical to tracking progress toward this goal. The World Bank does this at the global level using three

Measuring Poverty Overview - World Bank Group Measuring Poverty The World Bank's mission is to end extreme poverty and boost shared prosperity on a livable planet. To effectively monitor progress toward this goal, it is

Poverty, Prosperity, and Planet Report 2024 - World Bank Group The World Bank has set a clear mission: ending extreme poverty and boosting shared prosperity on a livable planet. This report offers the first postpandemic assessment of global progress on

U.S. Poverty Rate Varies by Age Groups - The poverty rate for the nation's oldest populations was lower than for the youngest but increased in 2022 while child poverty decreased

Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development - World Bank Group Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development The Poverty, Inequality and Human Development team conducts research across a wide range of topics that broadly covers issues related to

Poverty : Development news, research, data | World Bank Latest news and information from the World Bank and its development work on poverty. Access facts, statistics, project information, development research from experts and latest news about

June 2025 Update to Global Poverty Lines - World Bank Group The World Bank has updated its global poverty lines. This latest revision uses 2021 purchasing power parities, as well as updated national poverty lines that better capture countries'

Poverty Overview: Development news, research, data | World Bank Fighting poverty in all of its dimensions lies at the core of the World Bank's work. We work closely with governments to develop sound policies so that poor people can improve their

Poverty - If a family's total income is less than the official poverty threshold for a family of that size and composition, then they are considered to be in poverty

World Bank Group - International Development, Poverty and With 189 member countries, the World Bank Group is a unique global partnership fighting poverty worldwide through sustainable solutions

The World Bank's Updated Global Poverty Lines: Indonesia Measuring poverty on a regular basis using timely and relevant data is critical to tracking progress toward this goal. The World Bank does this at the global level using three

Measuring Poverty Overview - World Bank Group Measuring Poverty The World Bank's mission is to end extreme poverty and boost shared prosperity on a livable planet. To effectively monitor progress toward this goal, it is

Poverty, Prosperity, and Planet Report 2024 - World Bank Group The World Bank has set a clear mission: ending extreme poverty and boosting shared prosperity on a livable planet. This report offers the first postpandemic assessment of global progress on

U.S. Poverty Rate Varies by Age Groups - The poverty rate for the nation's oldest populations was lower than for the youngest but increased in 2022 while child poverty decreased

Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development - World Bank Group Poverty, Inequality, and Human Development The Poverty, Inequality and Human Development team conducts research across a wide range of topics that broadly covers issues related to

Poverty : Development news, research, data | World Bank Latest news and information from the World Bank and its development work on poverty. Access facts, statistics, project information, development research from experts and latest news about

June 2025 Update to Global Poverty Lines - World Bank Group The World Bank has updated its global poverty lines. This latest revision uses 2021 purchasing power parities, as well as updated national poverty lines that better capture countries'